

PERSON A'S EGYPT INFORMATION



ACN

The capital of Egypt is _____, whilst it's second largest city, Alexandria, is an important _____ hub on the Mediterranean coast. The country has _____ million inhabitants, and can trace its history back to the 6th _____ BC. Ancient Egypt saw some of the earliest developments of _____, agriculture, _____, organised religion and central government in the world. Egypt has an unusually _____, sunny and dry climate. Apart from the _____ Valley, the majority of Egypt's landscape is desert, with a few oases scattered about.

Egypt's economy depends mainly on agriculture, _____, petroleum exports, natural gas, and tourism. The Giza Necropolis (a series of _____ pyramids) is one of Egypt's best-known tourist attractions; it is the only one of the Seven Wonders of the _____ World still in existence. Egypt's people are highly urbanised, and are divided demographically into those who live in the major cities, and the _____ in rural villages. Egypt has a Prime Minister who oversees 450 members in the 'House of Representatives' and is re-elected every _____ years.

The Egyptian national _____ team, known as the Pharaohs, is considered the most successful African national team and one which has reached the top 10 of the _____ world rankings. Egypt has qualified for the FIFA World Cup _____ times.

PERSON B'S EGYPT INFORMATION



ACN

The _____ of Egypt is Cairo, whilst it's second largest city, _____, is an important tourist hub on the Mediterranean _____. The country has 100 million inhabitants, and can trace its history back to the _____ millennia BC. Ancient Egypt saw some of the earliest developments of writing, agriculture, urbanisation, organised religion and central government in the _____. Egypt has an unusually hot, sunny and dry _____. Apart from the Nile Valley, the majority of Egypt's landscape is _____, with a few oases scattered about.

Egypt's economy depends mainly on _____, media, petroleum exports, natural gas, and _____. The Giza Necropolis (a series of three pyramids) is one of Egypt's best-known tourist attractions; it is the only one of the _____ Wonders of the Ancient World still in existence. Egypt's people are highly urbanised, and are divided demographically into those who live in the major _____, and the farmers in rural villages. Egypt has a Prime _____ who oversees 450 members in the '_____ of Representatives' and is re-elected every five years.

The Egyptian national football team, known as the _____, is considered the most successful _____ national team and one which has reached the top _____ of the FIFA world rankings. Egypt has qualified for the FIFA World Cup three times.